

Title:

How will insect communities respond to a novel chemical cue introduced by a range-expanding beetle?

Authors:

Caroline Kanaskie, University of New Hampshire (caroline.kanaskie@unh.edu)

Claire Rutledge, The Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station

Alicia Bray, Central Connecticut State University

Matthew Ayres, Dartmouth College

Jeff Garnas, University of New Hampshire

Overview of referenced information:

Southern pine beetle (SPB) is an outbreak species of economic (Pye et al. 2011) and ecological importance (Tchakerian and Coulson 2011).

I presented a map of the SPB range which was published in (Payne 1980). I created a map of the northernmost SPB collections and the range of pitch pine in R (R Core Team 2023), using the packages ggplot2 (Wickham et al. 2023), sf (Pebesma et al. 2024), and ggspatial (Dunnington et al. 2023), with datasets from (U.S. Geological Survey 1999) and (National Weather Service 2024).

SPB use pheromone communication to stage mass-attacks (Sullivan 2011).

Insect associates are found in trees attacked by SPB (Moser et al. 1971; Dixon and Payne 1979).

SPB insect associates:

- are known and supposed natural enemies
- have been well documented in SPB's native range (Overgaard 1968; Moser et al. 1971; Dixon and Payne 1979; Billings 1985)
- may impact SPB population growth (Linit and Stephen 1983; Turchin et al. 1991; Turchin et al. 1999; Reeve and Turchin 2002; Friedenbergs et al. 2008)
- (some) respond to SPB pheromones (Vité and Williamson 1970; Dixon and Payne 1980; Payne et al. 1984)

We deployed baited & unbaited Lindgren funnel traps (Lindgren 1983).

NMDS ordination (McCune and Grace 2002) shows the similarity between trap catch at different sites over the study duration. The NMDS is plotted in R (R Core Team 2023), using the packages ggplot2 (Wickham et al. 2023), vegan (Oksanen et al. 2019), and ggvegan (Simpson and Oksanen 2023).

At the trap level, PERMANOVA (Anderson 2001) shows how variance is partitioned.

List of references:

- Anderson MJ. 2001. A new method for non-parametric multivariate analysis of variance. *Austral Ecol.* 26(1):32–46. doi:10.1111/j.1442-9993.2001.01070.pp.x.
- Billings RF. 1985. Southern pine bark beetles and associated insects. *Z Für Angew Entomol.* 99(1–5):483–491. doi:10.1111/j.1439-0418.1985.tb02015.x.
- Dixon WN, Payne TL. 1979. Sequence of arrival and spatial distribution of entomophagous and associate insects on southern pine beetle-infested trees. Misc. Publ. 1432. College Station, TX: Texas Agricultural Experiment Station.
- Dixon WN, Payne TL. 1980. Attraction of entomophagous and associate insects of the southern pine beetle to beetle- and host tree-produced volatiles. *J Ga Entomol Soc.* 15(4):378–389.
- Dunnington D, Thorne B, Hernangómez D. 2023. ggspatial: Spatial Data Framework for ggplot2. [accessed 2024 Sep 26]. <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/ggspatial/index.html>.
- Friedenberg NA, Sarkar S, Kouchoukos N, Billings RF, Ayres MP. 2008. Temperature Extremes, Density Dependence, and Southern Pine Beetle (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) Population Dynamics in East Texas. *Environ Entomol.* 37(3):650–659. doi:10.1093/ee/37.3.650.
- Lindgren BS. 1983. A multiple funnel trap for scolytid beetles (Coleoptera). *Can Entomol.* 115(3):299–302. doi:10.4039/Ent115299-3.
- Linit MJ, Stephen FM. 1983. Parasite and predator component of within-tree southern pine beetle (Coleoptera: Scolytidae) mortality. *Can Entomol.* 115(6):679–688. doi:10.4039/Ent115679-6.
- McCune B, Grace JB. 2002. Nonmetric multidimensional scaling. In: *Analysis of Ecological Communities*. 3rd ed. Gleneden Beach, Oregon: MJM Software. p. 125–142.
- Moser JC, Thatcher RC, Pickard LS. 1971. Relative abundance of southern pine beetle associates in east Texas. *Ann Entomol Soc Am.* 64(1):72–77. doi:10.1093/aesa/64.1.72.
- National Weather Service. 2024. U.S. States and Territories. [accessed 2024 Oct 12]. <https://www.weather.gov/gis/USStates>.
- Oksanen J, Blanchet FG, Friendly M, Kindt R, Legendre P, Mcglinn D, Minchin PR, O’hara RB, Simpson GL, Solymos P, et al. 2019. vegan: community ecology package. R package version 2.5-5. github.com/vegandevs/vegan.
- Overgaard N. 1968. Insects associated with the southern pine beetle in Texas, Louisiana, and Mississippi. *Ann Entomol Soc Am.* 61(5):1197–1201. doi:10.1093/jee/61.5.1197.
- Payne TL. 1980. Life History and Habits. In: Thatcher R, Searcy J, Coster J, Hertel G, editors. *The southern pine beetle*. Technical Bulletin 1631. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Expanded Southern Pine Beetle Research and Applications Program, Forest Service, Science and Education Administration.

Kanaskie et al – EntSoc 2024 presentation references

Payne TL, Dickens JC, Richerson JV. 1984. Insect predator-prey coevolution via enantiomeric specificity in a kairomone-pheromone system. *J Chem Ecol.* 10(3):487–492. doi:10.1007/BF00988094.

Pebesma E, Bivand R, Racine E, Sumner M, Cook I, Keitt T, Lovelace R, Wickham H, Ooms J, Müller K, et al. 2024. sf: Simple Features for R. [accessed 2024 Sep 26]. <https://cloud.r-project.org/web/packages/sf/index.html>.

Pye J, Holmes T, Prestemon J, Wear D. 2011. Economic impacts of the southern pine beetle. In: Coulson RN, Klepzig KD, editors. Southern pine beetle II. General Technical Report SRS-140. Asheville, NC: U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service, Southern Research Station. p. 213–222.

R Core Team. 2023. R: A language and environment for statistical computing. <https://www.R-project.org/>.

Reeve JD, Turchin P. 2002. Evidence for predator-prey cycles in a bark beetle. In: Berryman AA, editor. Population cycles: the case for trophic interactions. New York: Oxford University Press. p. 92–108.

Simpson GL, Oksanen J. 2023. ggvegan: “ggplot2” Plots for the “vegan” Package. <https://github.com/gavinsimpson/ggvegan>.

Sullivan BT. 2011. Southern pine beetle behavior and semiochemistry. In: Coulson RN, Klepzig KD, editors. Southern pine beetle II. General Technical Report SRS-140. Asheville, NC: U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service, Southern Research Station. p. 25–50.

Tchakerian MD, Coulson RN. 2011. Ecological Impacts of Southern Pine Beetle. In: Coulson RN, Klepzig KD, editors. Southern pine beetle II. General Technical Report SRS-140. Asheville, NC: U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service, Southern Research Station. p. 223–234.

Turchin P, Lorio PL, Taylor AD, Billings RF. 1991. Why do populations of southern pine beetles (Coleoptera: Scolytidae) fluctuate? *Environ Entomol.* 20(2):401–409.

Turchin P, Taylor AD, Reeve JD. 1999. Dynamical role of predators in population cycles of a forest insect: an experimental test. *Science.* 285(5430):1068–1071. doi:10.1126/science.285.5430.1068.

U.S. Geological Survey. 1999. Digital Representations of Tree Species Range Maps from “Atlas of United States Trees” by Elbert L. Little, Jr.

Vité JP, Williamson DL. 1970. *Thanasimus dubius*: Prey perception. *J Insect Physiol.* 16:233–239. doi:10.1016/0022-1910(70)90165-4.

Wickham H, Chang W, Henry L, Pedersen TL, Takahashi K, Wilke C, Woo K, Yutani H, Dunnington D, Posit, et al. 2023. ggplot2: Create Elegant Data Visualisations Using the Grammar of Graphics. [accessed 2024 Jan 26]. <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/ggplot2/index.html>.